FIGURE 3
PEAK FLOOD DEPTH AND LEVEL CONTOURS
1% AEP EVENT
FIGURE 5
PEAK FLOOD DEPTH AND LEVEL CONTOURS
PMF EVENT

Model Extent
Flood Level (mAHD)
- Major Contours (1m interval)
- Minor Contours (0.5m interval)

Depth (m)
- 0 - 1
- 1 - 2
- 2 - 5
- 5 - 10
- 10 - 15
- > 15

0 1 2 3 4 km
Model Extent
Flood Level (mAHD)
Major Contours (1m interval)
Minor Contours (0.5m interval)
Depth (m)
0 - 1
1 - 2
2 - 5
5 - 10
10 - 15
> 15

FIGURE 6
PEAK FLOOD DEPTH AND LEVEL CONTOURS
PMF EVENT
KEMPSEY
Note: Provisional hydraulic hazard is the product of velocity and depth.

For individual buildings the highest surrounding value should be used. Refer to Figures 13 and 14 for Hydraulic Categorisation.

FIGURE 7
PROVISIONAL HYDRAULIC HAZARD
1% AEP EVENT

Note: Provisional hydraulic hazard is the product of velocity and depth. For individual buildings the highest surrounding value should be used. Refer to Figures 13 and 14 for Hydraulic Categorisation.
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Note: Provisional hydraulic hazard is the product of velocity and depth.

For individual buildings the highest surrounding value should be used. Refer to Figures 13 and 14 for Hydraulic Categorisation.

FIGURE 9
PROVISIONAL HYDRAULIC HAZARD
PMF EVENT

Note: Provisional hydraulic hazard is the product of velocity and depth. For individual buildings the highest surrounding value should be used. Refer to Figures 13 and 14 for Hydraulic Categorisation.
Note: Provisional hydraulic hazard is the product of velocity and depth. For individual buildings the highest surrounding value should be used. Refer to Figures 13 and 14 for Hydraulic Categorisation.